

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **Section 1. Identification**

Trade name : Seal All
Product code : 1070105

Date of issue/Date of : 9/9/2014.

revision

**Supplier** : Eclectic Products Inc.

1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621

Responsible name : Regulatory Compliance
Emergency telephone : CALL INFOTRAC

number (with hours of

operation)

24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

800-535-5053 001-352-323-3500

Adhesive.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Dange

**Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** 

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name     | %      | CAS number |
|---------------------|--------|------------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 30-60% | 78-93-3    |
| Acetone             | 10-30% | 67-64-1    |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eve contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Skin contact** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Advice on general** occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name     | Exposure limits  |
|---------------------|--|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices  STEL: 885 mg/mų 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 590 mg/mų 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). STEL: 885 mg/mų 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 590 mg/mų 10 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 590 mg/mų 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 885 mg/mų 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 590 mg/mų 8 hours. |
| Acetone             | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).  STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).  TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).  TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors.  STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.  |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state: Liquid.Color: Clear.

Odor : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Boiling point : >100°C (>212°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -0.55556°C (31°F) [Setaflash.]

Flammability : Not available.

Evaporation rate : >1 (Water = 1)

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

: 24.5 kPa (184 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] Specific gravity : 0.95

**Solubility** : Partially soluble in the following materials: water.

VOC (wt%) : 43.3862% Viscosity : Not available.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous

Incompatible materials

reactions
Conditions to avoid

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: The product is stable.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone     | LD50 Dermal<br>LD50 Oral |         | 6480 mg/kg<br>2737 mg/kg | -        |
| Acetone                 | LD50 Oral                |         | 5800 mg/kg               | -        |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone     | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 14 milligrams   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Acetone                 | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams            | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395<br>milligrams        | -           |

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                           |     | Route of exposure | Target organs                     |
|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone<br>Acetone | 0 , |                   | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value    |
|-------|--------------|
| Oral  | 6308.5 mg/kg |

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result   | Species  | Exposure            |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|---------------------|--|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone     | Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water                                     | Algae - Skeletonema costatum   | 96 hours            |  |
| ,                       | Acute EC50 5091000 to 6440000 μg/l<br>Fresh water                        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Larvae  | 48 hours            |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water  | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult  | 96 hours            |  |
| Acetone                 | Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water                                      | Algae - Ulva pertusa   | 96 hours            |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water                                      | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex   | 48 hours            |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water  | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours            |  |
|                         | Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours            |  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water<br>Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water | Algae - Ulva pertusa<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                 | 96 hours<br>21 days |  |

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

| DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG                             | IATA  |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 1133               | 1133               | 1133                             | 8000  |
| ADHESIVES          | ADHESIVES          | ADHESIVES                        | Consumer commodity  |
| 3                  | 3                  | 3                                | 9   |
| II                 | II                 | II                               | -   |
| No.                | No.                | No.                              | No.   |
|                    | 1133 ADHESIVES 3   | 1133 ADHESIVES ADHESIVES  3 3 II | 1133 1133 1133 ADHESIVES ADHESIVES  3 3 3 3 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations SARA 311/312** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Classification

: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canada inventory **International regulations**  : All components are listed or exempted.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **International lists**

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory**: Not determined. **Korea inventory**: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

**UN = United Nations** 

References

: Not available.

**▼** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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