



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Clean-R-Carb® Carb &amp; Choke Cleaner</b>	
<b>Other means of identification</b>		
<b>Product code</b>	76064	
<b>Recommended use</b>	Carburetor and choke cleaner	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>		
<b>Manufactured or sold by:</b>		
<b>Company name</b>	CRC Canada Co.	
<b>Address</b>	2-1246 Lorimar Dr. Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1R2 Canada	
<b>Telephone</b>	905-670-2291	
<b>Website</b>	www.crc-canada.ca	
<b>E-mail</b>	Support.CA@crcindustries.com	
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada) 703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
	Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system, eyes)
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system)
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

### Storage

Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Other hazards

None known.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	40 - 50
toluene		108-88-3	20 - 30
methanol		67-56-1	10 - 20
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	5 - 10

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

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## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

### General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Level 3 Aerosol.  Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3
		750 ppm
	TWA	1200 mg/m3
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	500 ppm
		54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
	TWA	328 mg/m3
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	250 ppm
		262 mg/m3
	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3
		50 ppm

#### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

#### Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

#### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
	TWA	1190 mg/m3
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
		30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	328 mg/m3
		250 ppm
	TWA	262 mg/m3
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		200 ppm
		188 mg/m3
		50 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not available.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Clear.
<b>Odor</b>	Solvent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-144 °F (-97.8 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	132.9 °F (56.1 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.2 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	36 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	5152.5 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 1 (air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.88 estimated
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Slightly soluble.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	725 °F (385 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Percent volatile</b>	91.2 % estimated

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Toxic if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
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acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

#### Acute

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
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##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	16000 ppm, 4 hours
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
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methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

#### Acute

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
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##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	64000 ppm, 4 hours
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	5628 mg/kg
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toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### Acute

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
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##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	7585 ppm, 4 hours
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	5580 mg/kg
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\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

### Carcinogenicity

#### **ACGIH Carcinogens**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.



**Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

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**12. Ecological information****Ecotoxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components****Species****Test Results**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

**Aquatic**

Crustacea

EC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout  
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

**Aquatic**

Fish

LC50

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout  
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours

*Acute*

Crustacea

EC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

&gt; 10000 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout  
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

**Aquatic***Acute*

Crustacea

EC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

6 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Coho salmon,silver salmon  
(*Oncorhynchus kisutch*)

5.5 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability**

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential****Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

acetone

-0.24

methanol

-0.77

toluene

2.73

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

toluene

90

**Mobility in soil**

No data available.

**Other adverse effects**

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

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**13. Disposal considerations****Disposal of waste from residues / unused products**

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

**Local disposal regulations**

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.



**Contaminated packaging**

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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**14. Transport information****TDG**

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, flammable, containing substances in Class 6.1, packing group III  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGIII)  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards** Not available.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Special provisions** 80

**IATA**

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGIII)  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards** No.  
**ERG Code** 10P  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Other information**  
**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.  
**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGIII)  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** No.  
**EmS** Not available.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

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**15. Regulatory information****Canadian regulations****Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

**Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

**Precursor Control Regulations**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Class B

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Class B

**International regulations**

**Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information**

<b>Issue date</b>	01-20-2017
<b>Revision date</b>	02-23-2017
<b>Version #</b>	02
<b>Further information</b>	CRC # 594M
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<b>Revision Information</b>	Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties GHS: Qualifiers