Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS No. 0696FC

0696FC Fastenal – Quick Grip Adhesive – Water Clean Up – VOC Compliant

Emergency Phone No. 507-454-5374

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT NAME & MANUFACTURER INFORMATION							
PRODUCT NAME	Fastenal ROCK RIVER	Quick Grip Adhesive – Wate	er Clean Up – VOC Compliant – St	td Cartridge			
MANUFACTURER'S N TELEPHONE NUMBE		507-454-5374					
STREET ADDRESS	2001 Theurer Blvd.						
CITY / STATE / ZIP	Winona, Minnesota 559	87					
SECTIO	N 2 – COMPOSITION	/ HAZARDOUS	INGREDIENTS	%	TLV	PEL	UNITS
PRODUCT CONSISTS	OF:						
Calcium Carb	Calcium Carbonate ** (1317-65-3)			15 to 35	10	15	mg/m3
Acrylic Emuls	on (mixture)			20 to 40	NE	NE	
Propylene Gly	col (57-55-6)			1 to 5	400***	NE	ppm
Kaolin ** (13	Kaolin ** (1332-58-7)			1 to 5	5	15	mg/m3
Non-hazardou	s ingredients*			< 20	NA	NA	
*Unlisted ingredients are not considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **Inhalation not likely due to products physical state. *** TWA Calculated VOC: < 1.5%/wt (< 25 g/L). CARB Compliance: Yes. Prop 65 Ingredients: Yes (See Section 16)							
	SEC	ΓΙΟΝ 3 – HAZAR	RDS IDENTIFICATIO	ON			
PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY	Skin Contact	Skin Absorption	Eye Contact	Inhalation Inges		estion	
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW	White colored paste product. May the State of California to cause can			se gastric disturb	oances. Conta	ins material(s) known to
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	May cause eye, skin, nose, throat &	May cause eye, skin, nose, throat & respiratory tract irritation.					
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE	None known.						
	S	ECTION 4 – FIRS	ST AID MEASURES				
SKIN CONTACT	Wash affected area the	proughly w/ soap & water. If	irritation develops, seek medical at	ttention.			
EYE CONTACT	Flush w/ copious amo	unts of water for @ least 15 1	minutes. If irritation develops, seek	medical attenti	on.		
INHALATION	Remove individual to	fresh air & keep individual c	alm. Assist in breathing if necessar	ry. Immediate m	edical attenti	on required.	
INGESTION		OMITING. Immediately rinse th, if victim is unconscious o	e mouth & then drink plenty of war r having convulsions.	ter. Seek medica	al attention. N	lever induce	vomiting or

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
Water for form dry avtinguiching media	atement has been derived from properties of individual components.			
MEDIA	UDDED EVDLOSIVE LINET NE			
METHOD	(% BY VOLUME)			
LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT NE (% BY VOLUME)	AUTOIGNITION NE TEMPERTURE (°F)			
UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION None known. HAZARDS				
SPECIAL Firefighters should be equipped w/ self-contained breathing - FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES	apparatus & turn-out gear (full-dress equipment).			
SECTION 6 – ACCIDENT	AL RELEASE MEASURES			
PROCEDURES Cleanup: Spills should be contained, solidified & placed in suitable containers for disposal. Further Information: High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product.				
	DLING & STORAGE			
HANDLING PROCEDURES & Keep out of reach of children & pets. Do not take internate EQUIPMENT hygiene & safety practice. No special measure	ally. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance w/ good industrial res provided product used correctly.			
STORAGE REQUIREMENTS Close container after each use. Store containers away from caustics & oxidizers. Store protect	m excessive heat & freezing. Do not store @ temperatures above 120F. Store ted against freezing.			
SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONT	ROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION			
	RESPIRATORY In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator w/ organic vapor cartridge may be necessary under circumstances where concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.			
EYEWEAR Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield i	f splashing hazard exists.			
CLOTHING / Rubber gloves, chemical resistant. Other protective equipment not r				
HYGENIC PRACTICES Hands &/or face should be washed before breaks & @ end of work	shift. Avoid contact w/ skin & eyes.			
SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AN	D CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
	DOR & Mild odor. Smooth white paste. PPEARANCE			
	APOR DENSITY Heavier than air IR=1) Heavier than air			
EVAPORATION RATE Slower than n-Butyl Acetate Be	DILING RANGE (°F) 210 to 220F			
	DLUBILITY IN Slight, before cure. ATER			
	/WT VOLATILE Approximately 20 to 40%			
SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
STABILITY Xes No Stable under normal conditions.				
INCOMPATABILITY X Yes No Incompatible w/ metal salt	5			
CONDITIONS Excessive heat & freezing.				
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION/HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTSHazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions. Hazardous decomposition products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons.				

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION / CARCINOGENICITY

ACUTE TOXICITY - ORAL	Type of Value: LD50. Species: Rat. Value: > 2,000 – 10,000 mg/kg			
IRRITATION/ CORROSION	Skin: Species: Rabbit. Result: Non-irritant. Method: OECD Guideline 404. Eye: Species: Rabbit. Result: Non-irritant. Method: OECD Guideline 405.			
OTHER INFORMATION	Based on information available, no adverse health effects are expected if handled as recommended w/ suitable precautions for designated uses. Product has not been tested. Statements on toxicology derived from properties of individual components.			

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 AQUATIC TOXICITY
 FISH: Acute: OECD Guideline 203 static, Brachydanio rerio/LC50 (96 h): > 100 mg/l. AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES: Acute: OECD Guideline 202, part 1 static, Daphnia magna/EC50 (48 h): > 100 mg/l. AQUATIC PLANTS: Toxicity to aquatic plants: OECD Guideline 201 green algae/EC50 (72 h): > 100 mg/l, nominal concentration. MICROORGANISMS: Toxicity to Microorganisms: DIN EN ISO 8192-OECD 209-88/302/EEC,P. C activated sludge, domestic/EC20 (0.5 h): > 100 mg/l. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations. DEGRADABILITY/PERSISTENCE BIOLOGICAL/ABIOLOGICAL DEGRADATION: Test Method: OECD 302B; ISO 9888; 88/302/EEC, part C. Method of Analysis: DOC reduction. Degree of Elimination: > 70%. Evaluation: Easily eliminated from water. Product can be virtually eliminated from water by abiotic processes e.g. adsorption into activated sludge. BIOACCUMULATION: Based on its structural properties, the polymer is not biologically available. Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: Do not release untreated into natural waters. At present state of knowledge, no negative ecological effects are expected. Ecological data are determined by analogy. Product has not been tested. Statements on ecotoxicology have been derived from properties of the individual components.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL	Dispose of material in accordance w/ Federal, State & Local regulations.
EPA WASTE CODE IF DISCARDED (40CFR Sec.261)	None.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION LAND TRANSPORT; USDOT: Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. SEA TRANSPORT; IMDG: Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. AIR TRANSPORT; IATA/ICAO: Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES. EPCRA 313.	Acute; Chronic	U.S. STATE REGS	See Section 16.
OSHA HAZARD CATEGORY	IARC 1, 2A or 2B carcinogen; NTP listed carcinogen. Chronic target organ effects reported; ACGIH TLV established.	TSCA, US	Released/listed.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION / SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS / LEGEND

NJ Right-to-Know: (Top 5 Ingredients): Calcium Carbonate (1317-65-3), Base Acrylic Emulsion (mixture), Propylene Glycol (57-55-6), Water (7732-18-5), Kaolin (1332-58-7). MA, PA: Calcium Carbonate (1317-65-3), Kaolin (1332-58-7), MA, NJ, PA: Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7) (Present @ low levels in Calcium Carbonate Filler) Pennsylvania Right-to-Know (Non-Haz @ >3%): Water (7732-18-5). <u>HMIS III Ratings</u>: Health: 1, Flammability: 1, Physical Hazard: 0. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. NOTE: NFPA & HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate degree of hazard. A value of 0 means the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of 4 indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, & use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on the spot alert to the hazards of a material & their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

LEGEND: NA – Not Applicable, NE – Not Established, UN – Unavailable, VOC – Volatile Organic Compound, PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit, TLV – Threshold Limit Value, STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit, MSDS – Material Safety Data Sheet, ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, SARA – Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act of 1986, OSHA – Occupational Safety & Health Administration, HMIS – Hazardous Materials Identification System, NFPA – National Fire Protection Association, NTP – National Toxicology Program, CEIL – Ceiling Exposure Limit, CASRN (CAS Number) – Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number, TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act

Reviewed By: _	Larry G. Brandon	VP Technology & General Manager	October 30, 2012		
DATE	NAME	TITLE			

The information contained herein has been developed based upon currently available scientific data. New information may be developed from time to time which may render the conclusions of this report obsolete. Therefore, no warranty is extended as to the applicability of this information to the user's intended purpose or for the consequences of its use or misuse.