

Material Safety Data Sheet

Document Code: Classic99-Latex

Version: 01

Date of Preparation October 3, 2001

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME &	NUMBERS			HMIS CODES	
CLASSIC 99° In	terior Latex	Flat Ceiling Paint	•	Health	2*
Bright White	A27W15			Flammability	0
CLASSIC 99° In	terior Latex	Flat		Reactivity	0
Pure White	(A27W10)	Dover White	A27W13		
Midtone Base	(A27W11)	Antique White	A27W14		
Deeptone Base	A27W12	Luminous White	A27W17		
CLASSIC 99° In	terior Latex	Satin			
Luminous White	A29W40	Deeptone Base	A29W43		
Pure White	(A29W41)	Extra White	A29W51		
Midtone Base	(A29W42)				
CLASSIC 99° In	terior Latex	Semi-Gloss			
Pure White	(A27W10)	Dover White	A27W13		
Midtone Base	(A27W11)	Antique White	A27W14		
Deeptone Base	A27W12	Luminous White	A27W17		

MANUFACTURER'S NAME
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, OH 44115

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2902

Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent N		Vapo	or Pressure
1	64742-54-7	Heavy P	araff	inic Oi	i1.	
(A27W12	only)	ACGIH	\mathtt{TLV}	5	mg/m3 as Mist	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 as Mist	
0 - 2	112-34-5	2-(2-Bu	toxye	thoxy) -	-ethanol	
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Established	0.1 mm
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Established	
0 - 5	107-21-1	Ethylen	e Gly	col.		
		ACGIH	\mathtt{TLV}	50	ppm CEILING	0.1 mm
		OSHA	PEL	50	ppm CEILING	
8-19	14808-60-7	Quartz				
(Latex H	Flat only)	ACGIH	TLV	0.05	mg/m3 as Respirable 1	Dust
		OSHA	PEL	0.05	mg/m3 as Respirable 1	Dust
0-2	14464-46-1	Cristob	alite	:		
		ACGIH	\mathtt{TLV}	0.05	mg/m3 as Respirable 1	Dust
		OSHA	PEL	0.05	mg/m3 as Respirable	Dust
0 - 8	1332-58-7	Kaolin				
		ACGIH	TLV	2	mg/m3 as Respirable	Dust
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fra	ction
3	12001-26-2	Mica				
(A27W17	only)	ACGIH	TLV	3	mg/m3 as Respirable	Dust
		OSHA	PEL	3	mg/m3 as Respirable	Dust

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Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients (continued)

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	me		Vapor Pressure
0-19	471-34-1	Calcium	Carbo	nate.		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	15	mg/m3	Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction
7-21	13463-67-7	Titaniu	nium Dioxide.			
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3	Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction
<3% due	14807-96-6	Talc				
to tinting		ACGIH	TLV	2	mg/m3	as Respirable Dust
		OSHA	PEL	2	mg/m3	as Respirable Dust
<1% due	1333-86-4	Carbon 1	Black.			
to tinting		ACGIH	TLV	3.5	mg/m3	
		OSHA	PEL	3.5	mg/m3	

Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION-For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm

and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT LEL UEL None N.A. N.A.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS - Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Applicable PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removing or disturbing old paint from interior or exterior surfaces by sanding, scraping, abrading or other means may produce dust, debris or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust, debris or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children and pregnant women. Structures built before 1978 should be tested by a licensed inspector prior to removing or disturbing old paint. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,

or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Slower than Ether 9.6-12.0 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE PRODUCT WEIGHT Heavier than Air 1.16-1.45 VAPOR DENSITY SPECIFIC GRAVITY N.A. BOILING POINT 212-477 °F MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 60-70 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER 9.0-9.5 рН VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 0.7-1.5 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.2-0.7 lb/gal Emitted VOC

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

Ethylene Glycol is considered an animal teratogen. It has been shown to cause birth defects in rats and mice at high doses when given in drinking water or by gavage. There is no evidence to indicate it causes birth defects in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

TOXI	COLOGY	DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name					
64742-54-7	Heavy Paraffinic Oil.					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
112-34-5	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT 5660 mg/kg					
107-21-1	•					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT 4700 mg/kg					
14808-60-7						
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
14464-46-1						
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
1332-58-7	Kaolin					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
12001-26-2	Mica					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate.					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT Not Established					
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide.					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Established					
	LD50 RAT >7500 mg/kg					

⁻ Continued -

TOXICOLOGY DATA (continued)

CAS No.	Ingred	ient Na	me	
14807-96-6	Talc			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		Not Established
1333-86-4	Carbon	Black.		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established
	LD50	RAT		>15400 mg/kg

Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 – Transport Information

DOT PROPER SHIPPING DESCRIPTION: Paint and Related Materials, NOIBN

IATA/IMDG SHIPPING DESCRIPTION: Paint and Related Materials, NOIBN

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol.	0 - 5	
	Glycol Ethers	0-2	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Sherwin-Williams Canada

180 Brunel Rd.

Mississauga, ON L4Z 1T5

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.