



Material Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: 3M(TM) Mar-Hyde(r), General Trim Adhesive - Aerosol, 3411
MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket
ADDRESS: 3M Center
 St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

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Product Use:

Intended Use: Automotive
 Specific Use: Auto body repair adhesive.

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
Acetone	67-64-1	20 - 30
Propane	74-98-6	20 - 30
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10 - 20
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	26471-45-4	5 - 15
Glycerol Ester Of Hydrogenated Rosin	65997-13-9	5 - 15
Heptane	142-82-5	1 - 5
Hydrocarbon Resin	Trade Secret	1 - 5
Modified Rosin Ester	Trade Secret	1 - 5
Acrylic Polymer	Mixture	1 - 5
Petroleum Naphtha	8030-30-6	1 - 5
Pentane	109-66-0	1 - 5
Isobutyl Methacrylate	97-86-9	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.1

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Specific Physical Form: Aerosol

Odor, Color, Grade: Slight odor / Clear

General Physical Form: Liquid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Aerosol container contains flammable material under pressure. May cause severe eye irritation. May cause target organ effects. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Skin Contact:

Moderate Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Inhalation:

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

Target Organ Effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient

Ethylbenzene

C.A.S. No.

100-41-4

Class Description

Group 2B

Regulation

International Agency for Research on Cancer

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. Get immediate medical attention.

If Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

4.2 NOTE TO PHYSICIANS

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flash Point	< 0 °F [<i>Test Method:</i> Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits - UEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
OSHA Flammability Classification:	Class IA Flammable Liquid

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Aerosol container contains flammable material under pressure.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is

recommended. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING

Contents may be under pressure, open carefully. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. No smoking while handling this material. Do not spray near flames or sources of ignition. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Avoid static discharge. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

7.2 STORAGE

Store away from acids. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep container in well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Do not store containers on their sides. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation on open containers. Use in an enclosed process area is recommended. Do not use in a confined area or areas with little or no air movement. Local exhaust ventilation with a minimum capture velocity of 100 linear feet per minute should be provided for applications at or above the boiling temperature. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray.

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles.

8.2.2 Skin Protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polyethylene/Ethylene Vinyl Alcohol.

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray.

Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Half facepiece or fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Consult the current 3M Respiratory Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Do not ingest. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Additional Information</u>
Acetone	ACGIH	TWA	500 ppm	Table A4
Acetone	ACGIH	STEL	750 ppm	Table A4
Acetone	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	750 ppm	
Acetone	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1
Acetone	OSHA	STEL, Vacated	1000 ppm	
Cyclohexane	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	OSHA	TWA	300 ppm	Table Z-1
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	Table A3
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH	STEL	125 ppm	Table A3
Ethylbenzene	OSHA	TWA	100 ppm	Table Z-1A
Ethylbenzene	OSHA	STEL	125 ppm	Table Z-1A
Heptane	ACGIH	TWA	400 ppm	
Heptane	ACGIH	STEL	500 ppm	
Heptane	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	400 ppm	
Heptane	OSHA	TWA	500 ppm	Table Z-1
Heptane	OSHA	STEL, Vacated	500 ppm	
Isobutyl Methacrylate	CMRG	TWA	50 ppm	
Isobutyl Methacrylate	CMRG	STEL	75 ppm	
Pentane	ACGIH	TWA	600 ppm	
Pentane	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	600 ppm	
Pentane	OSHA	STEL, Vacated	750 ppm	
Pentane	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1
Petroleum Naphtha	ACGIH	TWA	400 ppm	
Petroleum Naphtha	OSHA	TWA	100 ppm	Table Z-1A
Propane	ACGIH	TWA	1000 ppm	
Propane	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1

VAC Vacated PEL: Vacated Permissible Exposure Limits [PEL] are enforced as the OSHA PEL in some states. Check with your local regulatory agency.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Odor, Color, Grade:	Slight odor / Clear
General Physical Form:	Liquid
Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flash Point	< 0 °F [<i>Test Method:</i> Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits - UEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Boiling point	< 0 °F
Density	0.82 g/ml
Vapor Density	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Pressure	75 psi
Specific Gravity	0.82
pH	<i>No Data Available</i>
Melting point	<i>No Data Available</i>
Solubility in Water	Negligible
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	73.04 g/l

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Heat; Sparks and/or flames; Strong acids; Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons	Not Specified
Carbon monoxide	Not Specified
Carbon dioxide	Not Specified

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Dispose of empty product containers in a sanitary landfill.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ID Number(s):
70-0080-0494-0

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10 - 20

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

<u>Ingredient (Category if applicable)</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>Regulation</u>	<u>Status</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test Rule Chemicals	Applicable
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test Rule Chemicals	Applicable
Heptane	142-82-5	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test Rule Chemicals	Applicable

STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Classification</u>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	**Carcinogen

** WARNING: contains a chemical which can cause cancer.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

Contact 3M for more information.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

No revision information is available.

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